113TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION



To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to compounding drugs.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

_____ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act with respect to compounding drugs.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; REFERENCES IN ACT.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
5 "Pharmaceutical Compounding Quality and Account6 ability Act".

7 (b) REFERENCES IN ACT.—Except as otherwise spec8 ified, amendments made by this Act to a section or other
9 provision of law are amendments to such section or other

provision of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
 (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.).

3 SEC. 2. REGULATION OF HUMAN AND ANIMAL DRUG 4 COMPOUNDING.

(a) CLARIFICATION OF NEW DRUG AND NEW ANIMAL DRUG STATUS.—For purposes of the Federal Food,
Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), the
terms "new drug" (as defined in section 201(p) of such
Act) and "new animal drug" (as defined in section 201(v)
of such Act) shall include a compounded human drug and
a compounded animal drug, respectively.

(b) REGULATION OF HUMAN AND ANIMAL DRUG
13 COMPOUNDING.—Section 503A (21 U.S.C. 353a) is
14 amended to read as follows:

15 "SEC. 503A. HUMAN AND ANIMAL DRUG COMPOUNDING.

- 16 "(a) Scope.—
- 17 "(1) COMPOUNDING.—In this section, the terms
 18 'compounding' and 'compound'—
- 19 "(A) include—

20 "(i) the combining, admixing, mixing,
21 diluting, reconstituting, or otherwise alter-

- 22 ing of a marketed drug;
- 23 "(ii) compounding a drug from a bulk
- 24 drug substance; and

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1	"(iii) repackaging, as defined in sub-
2	section $(b)(5)$; and
3	"(B) exclude mixing, reconstituting, or
4	other such acts with respect to a marketed drug
5	that are limited to and performed solely in ac-
6	cordance with specific directions for such acts
7	contained in approved labeling provided by a
8	drug's manufacturer, when performed upon re-
9	ceipt of a prescription order for an identified in-
10	dividual patient.
11	"(2) DISPENSING NOT A SALE.—In this section,
12	the terms 'sell' or 'resale' do not include dispensing
13	to patients, or, in the case of animal drugs, to the
14	individual responsible for providing care for the ani-
15	mal for which the drug is intended, in accordance
16	with State law, including any fee associated with
17	such dispensing.
18	"(3) EXEMPTIONS.—This section shall not
19	apply to—
20	"(A) medical gases;
21	"(B) animal drugs that are subject to reg-
22	ulation as biological products by the Secretary
23	of Agriculture under the Act commonly known
24	as the Virus-Serum-Toxin Act; or

1	"(C) human blood and blood components
2	for transfusion.
3	"(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
4	"(1) Compounding manufacturer.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term
6	'compounding manufacturer' means a facility at
7	one geographic location or address—
8	"(i) that compounds any sterile drug
9	product without receiving a prescription
10	order for such sterile drug product prior to
11	beginning compounding, and distributes or
12	offers to sell such compounded sterile drug
13	product in interstate commerce; or
14	"(ii) that repackages any preservative-
15	free sterile drug product or pools any ster-
16	ile drug products, except as provided in
17	paragraph (7)(B).
18	"(B) EXCLUDED ACTIVITIES.—Notwith-
19	standing subparagraph (A)(ii), a facility shall
20	not be considered a compounding manufacturer
21	if such facility—
22	"(i) repackages drugs in accordance
23	with section 506F or the final guidance de-
24	scribed in section $506F(d)$; and

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1	"(ii) does not otherwise meet the defi-
2	nition of compounding manufacturer under
3	subparagraph (A).
4	"(2) POOLING; POOLS.—The terms 'pooling'
5	and 'pool'—
6	"(A) mean taking a single drug approved
7	under section 505 or 512, conditionally ap-
8	proved under section 571, included on the index
9	established under section $572(a)(1)$, or licensed
10	under section 351 of the Public Health Service
11	Act from the container in which it is distributed
12	by the original manufacturer and combining it
13	with the same drug from one or more other
14	containers without or before further manipu-
15	lating the product (such as by diluting it or
16	mixing it with another, different drug or
17	drugs);
18	"(B) do not include combining the drug
19	from two or more separate containers of the
20	same drug when a single container of the drug
21	is not sufficient to prepare a single dose for ad-
22	ministration to an individual patient; and
23	"(C) do not include combining the drug
24	from two or more separate containers of compo-
25	nent products of a total parenteral nutrition

1	product, if such pooling, and labeling and use
2	of the finished total parenteral nutrition prod-
3	uct, comply with State pharmacy law.
4	"(3) PRACTITIONER.—The term 'practitioner'
5	includes a physician, veterinarian, or any other per-
6	son that is authorized to prescribe medication under
7	State law.
8	"(4) Prescription; prescription order.—
9	The term 'prescription' or 'prescription order' means
10	a prescription or prescription order, as defined
11	under applicable State law, that complies with re-
12	quirements applicable under such State law.
13	"(5) Repackage or repackaging.—The term
14	'repackage' or 'repackaging' means taking a drug
15	approved under section 505 or 512, conditionally ap-
16	proved under section 571, included on the index es-
17	tablished under section $572(a)(1)$, or licensed under
18	section 351 of the Public Health Service Act from
19	the container in which it is distributed by the origi-
20	nal manufacturer and placing it in a different con-
21	tainer of the same or smaller size without further
22	manipulating the drug (such as by diluting it or
23	mixing it with another, different drug or drugs), un-
24	less such repackaging is done pursuant to a pre-
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25 scription for an identified individual patient.

1	"(6) STERILE DRUG PRODUCT.—The term
2	'sterile drug product' means a drug that is—
3	"(A) intended for parenteral administra-
4	tion;
5	"(B) an ophthalmic or inhalation drug; or
6	"(C) required to be sterile under Federal
7	or State law.
8	"(7) TRADITIONAL COMPOUNDER.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'traditional
10	compounder' means an entity—
11	"(i) wherein a drug is compounded
12	by—
13	"(I) a licensed pharmacist, or
14	other pharmacy personnel (to the ex-
15	tent permitted under State law), in a
16	State-licensed pharmacy or a Federal
17	facility; or
18	"(II) a licensed physician or li-
19	censed veterinarian, to the extent per-
20	mitted under State law;
21	"(ii) that—
22	"(I) compounds a drug upon re-
23	ceipt of a prescription order for an
24	identified individual patient; or

1	"(II) compounds a drug in lim-
2	ited quantities before receipt of a pre-
3	scription order for an identified indi-
4	vidual patient, to the extent permitted
5	under State law, if such compounding
6	is based on a history of the licensed
7	pharmacist, licensed physician, or li-
8	censed veterinarian receiving prescrip-
9	tion orders for the compounding of
10	the drug, which orders have been gen-
11	erated solely within an established re-
12	lationship between the licensed phar-
13	macist, licensed physician, or licensed
14	veterinarian and—
15	"(aa) such individual patient
16	for whom the prescription order
17	will be provided, or, in the case
18	of an animal drug, such indi-
19	vidual responsible for providing
20	care for the animal for which the
21	drug is ordered; or
22	"(bb) the licensed physician,
23	licensed veterinarian, or other li-
24	censed practitioner who will write
25	such prescription order; and

1	"(iii) that does not meet the definition
2	of a compounding manufacturer under
3	paragraph (1).
4	"(B) EXCEPTIONS.—
5	"(i) Hospitals and health sys-
6	TEMS.—
7	"(I) IN GENERAL.—A pharmacy
8	within a hospital, veterinary hospital,
9	or health system that compounds a
10	drug and dispenses such drug (which
11	may include interstate shipment)
12	within such hospital or health system
13	or ships such drug for dispensing to
14	patients with an established relation-
15	ship with the hospital or health sys-
16	tem (which may include interstate
17	shipment), or that repackages preserv-
18	ative-free sterile drug product or pools
19	sterile drug products, shall be consid-
20	ered a traditional compounder if such
21	pharmacy otherwise meets the defini-
22	tion under subparagraph (A).
23	"(II) HEALTH SYSTEM DE-
24	FINED.—For purposes of this sub-
25	paragraph, the term 'health system'

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means two or more hospitals or veteri-
nary hospitals that are owned and op-
erated by the same entity and that
share access to databases with drug
order information for patients or ani-
mals, as applicable. A health system
includes both the inpatient and out-
patient facilities of hospitals within
the health system.
"(ii) PET and radiopharma-
CEUTICALS.—A pharmacy that compounds
positron emission tomography drugs or
radiopharmaceuticals shall be considered a
traditional compounder if it does not com-
pound other drugs that would cause it to
be a compounding manufacturer described
in paragraph (1)(A).
"(c) Exemptions From Certain Require-
MENTS.—
"(1) Drugs compounded by traditional
COMPOUNDERS.—Sections $501(a)(2)(B)$, $502(f)(1)$,
505 (in the case of a human drug), section 512 (in
the case of an animal drug), and section 351 of the
Public Health Service Act (in the case of a biological

1	product) shall not apply to a compounded drug if
2	such drug—
3	"(A) is compounded by a traditional
4	compounder that is in compliance with this sec-
5	tion; and
6	"(B) meets the requirements of this sec-
7	tion applicable to drugs compounded by tradi-
8	tional compounders.
9	"(2) Drugs compounded by compounding
10	MANUFACTURERS.—Sections $502(f)(1)$, 505 (in the
11	case of a human drug), section 512 (in the case of
12	an animal drug), and section 351 of the Public
13	Health Service Act (in the case of a biological prod-
14	uct) shall not apply to a compounded prescription
15	drug if such drug—
16	"(A) is compounded by a compounding
17	manufacturer—
18	"(i) that is not licensed as a phar-
19	macy in any State; and
20	"(ii) that is in compliance with this
21	section; and
22	"(B) meets the requirements of this sec-
23	tion applicable to drugs compounded by
24	compounding manufacturers.
25	"(d) Drugs That May Not Be Compounded

1 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The following drugs may 2 not be compounded, except under conditions speci-3 fied by the Secretary: 4 "(A) DRUGS THAT ARE DEMONSTRABLY 5 DIFFICULT TO COMPOUND.—A drug or category 6 of drugs that presents demonstrable difficulties 7 for compounding, which may include a complex 8 dosage form or biological product, as designated 9 by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (2). 10 "(B) MARKETED DRUGS.—A drug, other 11 than a biological product, that is a copy of a 12 marketed drug approved under 505 or 512, conditionally approved under section 571, or in-13 14 cluded on the index established under section 15 572(a)(1), except as provided in paragraph (3). "(C) BIOLOGICAL PRODUCTS.—A drug 16 17 that is a biological product, except as provided 18 in paragraph (4). 19 "(D) DRUGS REMOVED FOR SAFETY AND 20 EFFICACY.—A drug that appears on a list pub-21 lished by the Secretary in the Federal Register 22 of drugs that have been withdrawn or removed 23 from the market because such drug or compo-24 nents of such drug have been found to be un-25 safe or not effective, subject to paragraph (5).

1	"(2) Drugs that are demonstrably dif-
2	FICULT TO COMPOUND.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may
4	promulgate a regulation that designates drugs
5	or categories of drugs that are demonstrably
6	difficult to compound that may not be com-
7	pounded, or that may be compounded only
8	under conditions specified by the Secretary.
9	Such regulation—
10	"(i) may include the designation of
11	drugs or categories of drugs that are com-
12	plex dosage forms or biological products,
13	such as extended release products, metered
14	dose inhalers, transdermal patches, and
15	sterile liposomal products; and
16	"(ii) shall specify, for each drug in-
17	cluded on the list, whether the prohibition
18	or condition applies to the use of the drug
19	in humans, animals, or both.
20	"(B) INTERIM LIST.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Before the effec-
22	tive date of the regulation promulgated
23	under subparagraph (A), the Secretary
24	may designate drugs that are complex dos-

1	age forms or biological products that can-
2	not be compounded by—
3	"(I) publishing a notice of such
4	drugs proposed for designation, in-
5	cluding the rationale for such designa-
6	tion, in the Federal Register;
7	"(II) providing a period of not
8	less than 60 days for comment on the
9	notice; and
10	"(III) publishing a notice in the
11	Federal Register designating the
12	drugs that are complex dosage forms
13	and biological products that cannot be
14	compounded.
15	"(ii) SUNSET.—Any notice provided
16	under clause (i) shall cease to have force or
17	effect on the date that is 5 years after the
18	date of enactment of the Pharmaceutical
19	Compounding Quality and Accountability
20	Act or on the effective date of the final
21	regulation under subparagraph (A), which-
22	ever is earlier.
23	"(3) EXCEPTIONS REGARDING MARKETED
24	DRUGS.—

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1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—A drug (other than a 2 biological product) that is a copy of a marketed 3 drug approved under 505 or 512, conditionally 4 approved under section 571, or included on the 5 index established under section 572(a)(1), in-6 cluding variations of such drug compounded 7 from bulk substances, may be compounded only if— 8

9 "(i)(I) the compounded variation pro-10 duces for the patient a clinical difference 11 between the compounded drug and such 12 marketed drug, as determined by the pre-13 scribing practitioner, and, prior to begin-14 ning compounding a variation of such 15 drug, the facility compounding the vari-16 ation receives a prescription order speci-17 fying that the variation may be com-18 pounded; or

19 "(II)(aa) such marketed drug, at the
20 time of compounding a copy of such drug
21 and at the time of distribution of the com22 pounded drug, is on the drug shortage list
23 under section 506E (in the case of a
24 human drug), on the Current Drug Short25 ages list for veterinary products main-

1	tained on the Internet Web site of the
2	Food and Drug Administration (in the
3	case of an animal drug), or in the Sec-
4	retary's sole discretion, has otherwise been
5	identified by the Secretary as in shortage
6	such as in a specific region or on a drug
7	shortage list maintained by a private
8	party; and
9	"(bb) the traditional compounder or
10	the compounding manufacturer notifies the
11	Secretary not later than 3 calendar days
12	after beginning the compounding, unless
13	the Secretary waives the notice require-
14	ment; and
15	"(ii) in the case of a marketed drug
16	approved under section 505 that is subject
17	to a risk evaluation and mitigation strat-
18	egy approved with elements to assure safe
19	use pursuant to section 505–1, the entity
20	compounding the drug demonstrates to the
21	Secretary that the entity will utilize con-
22	trols that are comparable to the controls
23	applicable under the relevant risk evalua-
24	tion and mitigation strategy.

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1	"(B) EXCLUSION.—For purposes of this
2	paragraph, repackaging a marketed drug ap-
3	proved under section 505, 512, conditionally ap-
4	proved under section 571, or included on the
5	index established under section $572(a)(1)$, does
6	not make the repackaged drug a copy of such
7	marketed drug.
8	"(4) EXCEPTIONS REGARDING BIOLOGICAL
9	PRODUCTS.—A drug that is a biological product may
10	be compounded only if—
11	"(A) such drug is compounded from a li-
12	censed biological product and the compounding
13	does not involve combining or mixing the li-
14	censed biological product with—
15	"(i) a bulk drug substance; or
16	"(ii) another, different drug or drugs
17	approved under 505 or 512, conditionally
18	approved under section 571, included on
19	the index established under section
20	572(a)(1), or licensed under section 351 of
21	the Public Health Service Act, unless the
22	compounding is limited to the combining,
23	mixing, or diluting of licensed allergenic
24	products; and

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with 1 (B)(i)respect to a traditional 2 compounder, the compounded biological product 3 produces for the patient a clinical difference be-4 tween the compounded drug and the licensed bi-5 ological product, as determined by the pre-6 scribing practitioner, and, prior to beginning 7 compounding such drug, the facility 8 compounding the variation receives a prescrip-9 tion order specifying that the biological product 10 may be compounded;

11 "(ii) with respect to a compounding manu-12 facturer, the compounded variation biological 13 product produces for the patient a clinical dif-14 ference between the compounded drug and the 15 licensed biological product, as determined by a 16 licensed practitioner responsible for the pa-17 tient's care in a health care entity that provides 18 medical services through licensed prescribers di-19 rectly to patients, and, prior to beginning 20 compounding such drug, the compounding manufacturer receives a duly authorized medical 21 22 order from a hospital or health system speci-23 fying that the biological product may be com-24 pounded; or

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"(iii) the compounded biological product is
 an allergenic product.

3 "(5) REQUIREMENT REGARDING DRUGS RE-4 MOVED FOR SAFETY OR EFFICACY.—The list pub-5 lished by the Secretary in the Federal Register of 6 drugs that have been withdrawn or removed from 7 the market, as described in paragraph (1)(D), shall 8 specify whether a human drug on such list may, not-9 withstanding the inclusion on such list, be com-10 pounded for use in animals. The Secretary shall up-11 date the lists described in subparagraphs (D) and 12 (E) of subsection (e)(2), as appropriate, to conform 13 with the list described in paragraph (1)(D).

14 "(e) QUALITY OF DRUG INGREDIENTS.—

''(1) 15 HUMAN DRUGS.—A traditional 16 compounder or a compounding manufacturer shall— 17 "(A) compound a human drug using only 18 bulk drug substances (as defined in regulations 19 of the published Secretary at section 20 207.3(a)(4) of title 21, Code of Federal Regula-21 tions (or any successor regulations))—

"(i) that—

22

23 "(I) comply with the standards of
24 an applicable United States Pharma25 copoeia or National Formulary mono-

1	graph, if a monograph exists and has
2	not been identified under paragraph
3	(6), and the United States Pharma-
4	copoeia chapters on pharmacy
5	compounding;
6	"(II) if such a monograph does
7	not exist, are drug substances that
8	are components of drugs approved by
9	the Secretary; or
10	"(III) if such a monograph does
11	not exist and the drug substance is
12	not a component of a drug approved
13	by the Secretary, that appear on a list
14	developed by the Secretary through
15	regulations issued by the Secretary;
16	"(ii) that are manufactured by an es-
17	tablishment that is registered under sec-
18	tion 510 (including a foreign establishment
19	that is registered under section 510(i));
20	and
21	"(iii) that are accompanied by valid
22	certificates of analysis for each specific lot
23	of bulk drug substance; and
24	"(B) use ingredients (other than bulk drug
25	substances) that comply with the standards of

1	an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or
2	National Formulary monograph, if a mono-
3	graph exists and has not been identified under
4	paragraph (6), and with the United States
5	Pharmacopoeia chapter on pharmacy
6	compounding.
7	"(2) ANIMAL DRUGS.—A traditional
8	compounder or a compounding manufacturer shall—
9	"(A) compound an animal drug using only
10	bulk drug substances (as defined in regulations
11	of the Secretary published at section
12	207.3(a)(4) of title 21, Code of Federal Regula-
13	tions (or any successor regulations)) that—
14	"(i) are manufactured by an establish-
15	ment that is registered under section 510
16	(including a foreign establishment that is
17	registered under section 510(i)); and
18	"(ii) are accompanied by valid certifi-
19	cates of analysis for each specific lot of
20	bulk drug substance;
21	"(B) use ingredients (other than bulk drug
22	substances) that comply with the standards of
23	an applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or
24	National Formulary monograph, if a mono-
25	graph exists and has not been identified under

1	paragraph (6), and with the United States
2	Pharmacopoeia chapters on pharmacy
3	compounding;
4	"(C) in the case of a compounded animal
5	drug for use in non-food-producing minor spe-
6	cies, use bulk substances that—
7	"(i) comply with the standards of an
8	applicable United States Pharmacopoeia or
9	National Formulary monograph, if a
10	monograph exists and has not been identi-
11	fied under paragraph (6), and with the
12	United States Pharmacopoeia chapters on
13	pharmacy compounding;
14	"(ii) if such a monograph does not
15	exist, are drug substances that are compo-
16	nents of drugs approved by the Secretary;
17	or
18	"(iii) if such a monograph does not
19	exist and the drug substance is not a com-
20	ponent of a drug approved by the Sec-
21	retary, that appear on a list developed by
22	the Secretary through regulations issued
23	by the Secretary;
24	"(D) in the case of a compounded animal
25	drug for use in non-food-producing major spe-

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1	cies beginning on the date of publication of the
1	cies, beginning on the date of publication of the
2	list established in accordance with paragraph
3	(3)(A), shall use bulk substances that are in-
4	cluded on such list, subject to paragraph
5	(3)(C); and
6	"(E) in the case of a compounded animal
7	drug for use in food-producing major and minor
8	species, shall use bulk substances that are in-
9	cluded on a list established by the Secretary of
10	bulk substances acceptable for use in
11	compounding a drug for one or more such spe-
12	cies, in accordance with paragraph (4).
13	"(3) Non-food-producing major species
14	LISTING PROCEDURE.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30
16	days after the effective date of the Pharma-
17	ceutical Compounding Quality and Account-
18	ability Act, the Secretary shall establish a list
19	of bulk substances acceptable for compounding
20	a drug for use in non-food-producing major spe-
21	cies, and any conditions applicable to such use,
22	and may also identify bulk substances that the
23	Secretary has determined not acceptable for
24	compounding with respect to a drug for use in
25	such species.

1	"(B) PROCEDURE.—In developing and up-
2	dating the list under subparagraph (A), the
3	Secretary shall —
4	"(i) publish a notice in the Federal
5	Register identifying bulk substances pro-
6	posed as acceptable and any bulk sub-
7	stance determine to be unacceptable, and
8	the rationale for such proposed designa-
9	tions;
10	"(ii) provide a period of not less than
11	30 days for comment on the notice; and
12	"(iii) publish a notice in the Federal
13	Register designating the bulk substances
14	acceptable, and any bulk substances deter-
15	mined to be unacceptable, and the ration-
16	ale for such designations and determina-
17	tions.
18	"(C) NOTIFICATION.—Upon initial publica-
19	tion of the list under subparagraph (B)(iii), any
20	traditional compounder or compounding manu-
21	facturer that has received and filled a prescrip-
22	tion in the 60 days prior to such publication for
23	a compounded drug for a non-food-producing
24	major species from a bulk substance not ad-
25	dressed in the notice (either as acceptable or

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unacceptable), and that reasonably expect to re-1 2 ceive and fill another prescription for such a 3 drug for such species within 60 days after such 4 publication, may notify the Secretary of such 5 bulk substance within 30 days of such publica-6 tion, in a manner to be determined by the Sec-7 retary and published in the Federal Register on 8 or before publication of the list under subpara-9 graph (B)(iii). A traditional compounder or 10 compounding manufacturer that provides such 11 notice shall not be subject to the restriction in 12 paragraph (2)(D) until such time as the Sec-13 retary designates such bulk substance as ac-14 ceptable or determines it to be unacceptable 15 pursuant to the process described in subpara-16 graph (B)(iii). 17 "(D) MODIFICATION OF LIST.—The Sec-18 retary may amend the list at any time, in ac-19 cordance with process described in subpara-20 graph (B). 21 "(E) CRITERIA.—In evaluating bulk sub-22

stances for purposes of subparagraph (B), the
Secretary shall consider, among other factors—
"(i) the safety of the bulk substance;

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1	"(ii) historical use of the substance in
2	pharmacy compounding;
3	"(iii) evidence of the effectiveness of
4	the bulk substance or lack of effectiveness;
5	"(iv) whether any drug approved
6	under section 505 or 512, conditionally ap-
7	proved under section 571, or included on
8	the index established under section
9	572(a)(1), can be used on label, or any
10	drug approved under section 505 or 512
11	can be used in an extralabel manner in ac-
12	cordance with section paragraphs (4) and
13	(5) of section 512(a), to treat the applica-
14	ble condition in the identified species; and
15	"(v) whether a compounded drug ap-
16	propriate to treat the applicable condition
17	in the identified species could be obtained
18	by manipulating a drug approved under
19	505 or 512, conditionally approved under
20	section 571, or included on the index es-
21	tablished under section $572(a)(1)$.
22	"(4) Food-producing animals listing pro-
23	CEDURE.—In establishing a list of designated bulk
24	substances acceptable for use in compounding a
25	drug for use in food-producing major and minor spe-

1	cies under paragraph (2), and any conditions appli-
2	cable to such use, the Secretary shall—
3	"(A) publish a notice in the Federal Reg-
4	ister identifying bulk substances proposed as
5	acceptable and any bulk substance determine to
6	be unacceptable, and the rationale for such des-
7	ignations;
8	"(B) provide a period of not less than 30
9	days for comment on the notice; and
10	"(C) publish a notice in the Federal Reg-
11	ister designating the bulk substances acceptable
12	for use in compounding a drug for use in food-
13	producing major and minor species, and the ra-
14	tionale for such designations.
15	"(5) WITHDRAWAL PERIODS.—The require-
16	ments for establishing substantially extended with-
17	drawal periods in accordance with section 530.20 of
18	title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any suc-
19	cessor regulations) shall apply to compounded ani-
20	mal drugs for use in food-producing animals that
21	are compounded using bulk substances.
22	"(6) Identification by secretary.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the
24	existence of an applicable monograph under
25	subparagraph (A)(i)(I) or (B) of paragraph (1)

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or subparagraph (B) or (C)(i) of paragraph (2),
the Secretary may identify bulk substances that
the Secretary determines, based on public
health concerns, may not be used in
compounding a drug.
"(B) PROCEDURE.—In identifying the bulk
substances that may not be used in
compounding, the Secretary shall—
"(i) publish a notice of such bulk sub-
stances proposed for identification in the
Federal Register;
"(ii) provide a period of not less than
60 days for comment on the notice;
"(iii) publish a notice in the Federal
Register identifying the bulk substances
that may not be used in compounding a
drug; and
"(iv) state whether the bulk is not
suitable for compounding of human drugs,
animal drugs, or both.
"(f) Requirements Regarding Wholesaling
AND LABELING APPLICABLE TO TRADITIONAL
Compounders and Compounding Manufacturers.—
"(1) IN GENERAL.—A compounded drug—

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1	"(A) may not be sold by an entity other
2	than the compounding manufacturer or tradi-
3	tional compounder that compounded the drug;
4	"(B) compounded by a compounding man-
5	ufacturer may not be sold to an entity other
6	than a health care entity that provides medical
7	services through licensed prescribers directly to
8	patients or animals, or a network of such pro-
9	viders, except that a compounding manufac-
10	turer may transfer without profit a compounded
11	sterile drug to a licensed pharmacy if—
12	"(i) the licensed pharmacy falls under
13	the same corporate ownership as the
14	compounding manufacturer;
15	"(ii) the transfer of such compounded
16	sterile drug is solely for the purpose of dis-
17	pensing the compounded sterile drug to the
18	end user, who has been instructed by the
19	prescribing physician to self-administer
20	such compounded sterile drug;
21	"(iii) as of the date of enactment of
22	the Pharmaceutical Compounding Quality
23	and Accountability Act, the compounding
24	manufacturer is an entity that provides

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1	pharmacy benefits management services on
2	behalf of a health benefits plan;
3	"(iv) the compounding manufacturer
4	identifies itself to the Secretary upon reg-
5	is tering under subsection $(g)(2)$ as an enti-
6	ty that qualifies for the exemption under
7	this subparagraph, and provides docu-
8	mentation of the compounding of such
9	drugs as of the date of enactment of the
10	Pharmaceutical Compounding Quality and
11	Accountability Act, in a manner described
12	by the Secretary; and
13	"(v) the compounding manufacturer
14	receives confirmation from the Secretary
15	that the compounding manufacturer quali-
16	fies for the exemption under this subpara-
17	graph and the sterile drug or drugs for
18	which the exemption applies; and
19	"(C) in the case of a compounded drug
20	sold to a health care entity described in sub-
21	paragraph (B), shall be labeled 'not for resale'.
22	"(2) Advertising and promotion.—The ad-
23	vertising and promotion of compounded drugs shall
24	not be false or misleading in any particular.

1	"(g) Other Requirements Applicable to
2	Compounding Manufacturers.—
3	"(1) Licensed pharmacist oversight.—A
4	compounding manufacturer shall ensure that a phar-
5	macist licensed in the State where the compounding
6	manufacturer is located exercises direct supervision
7	over the operations of the compounding manufac-
8	turer.
9	"(2) REGISTRATION OF COMPOUNDING MANU-
10	FACTURERS AND REPORTING OF DRUGS.—
11	"(A) REGISTRATION OF COMPOUNDING
12	MANUFACTURERS.—
13	"(i) ANNUAL REGISTRATION.—During
14	the period beginning on October 1 and
15	ending on December 31 each year, each
16	compounding manufacturer shall register
17	with the Secretary its name, place of busi-
18	ness, and unique facility identifier (which
19	shall conform to the requirements for the
20	unique facility identifier established under
21	section 510), and a point of contact e-mail
22	address.
23	"(ii) NEW COMPOUNDING MANUFAC-
24	TURERS.—Each compounding manufac-
25	turer, upon first engaging in the oper-

ations described in subsection $(b)(1)$, shall
immediately register with the Secretary
and provide the information described
under clause (i). The Secretary shall estab-
lish a timeline for registration for the first
year following the effective date of the
Pharmaceutical Compounding Quality and
Accountability Act. In no case may reg-
istration be required until at least 60 days
following publication of the timeline in the
Federal Register.
"(iii) Additional facilities.—Each
compounding manufacturer duly registered
in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) shall
immediately identify to the Secretary any
additional facility that engages in the ac-
tivities described in subsection $(b)(1)$ and
that is owned or operated in any State by
the person that owns or operates the
compounding manufacturer.
"(iv) Availability of registration
FOR INSPECTION.—The Secretary shall
make available for inspection, to any per-
son so requesting, any registration filed
pursuant to this subparagraph, except that

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1	any drug reporting information submitted
2	pursuant to this subparagraph and the in-
3	formation accompanying such reporting
4	shall be exempt from such inspection, un-
5	less the Secretary finds that such an ex-
6	emption would be inconsistent with the
7	protection of the public health.
8	"(B) Drug reporting by compounding
9	MANUFACTURERS.—
10	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Each
11	compounding manufacturer who registers
12	with the Secretary under subparagraph (A)
13	shall submit to the Secretary, once during
14	the month of June of each year and once
15	during the month of December of each
16	year, a report—
17	"(I) identifying the drugs com-
18	pounded by such compounding manu-
19	facturer during the previous 6-month
20	period; and
21	"(II) with respect to each drug
22	identified under subclause (I), pro-
23	viding the active ingredient, the
24	source of such active ingredient, the
25	National Drug Code number of the

1	source drug or bulk active ingredient,
2	the strength of the active ingredient
3	per unit, the dosage form and route of
4	administration, the package descrip-
5	tion, the number of individual units
6	produced, the National Drug Code
7	number of the final product, and
8	which conforms to other applicable re-
9	quirements identified by the Secretary
10	in accordance with clause (ii).
11	"(ii) FORM.—Each report under
12	clause (i) shall be prepared in such form
13	and manner as the Secretary may pre-
14	scribe by regulation or guidance.
15	"(C) Electronic registration and re-
16	PORTING.—Registrations and drug reporting
17	under this paragraph (including the submission
18	of updated information) shall be submitted to
19	the Secretary by electronic means unless the
20	Secretary grants a request for waiver of such
21	requirement because use of electronic means is
22	not reasonable for the person requesting waiver.
23	"(D) RISK-BASED INSPECTION FRE-
24	QUENCY.—

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1	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Compounding
2	manufacturers shall be subject to inspec-
3	tion pursuant to section 704.
4	"(ii) RISK-BASED SCHEDULE.—The
5	Secretary, acting through one or more offi-
6	cers or employees duly designated by the
7	Secretary, shall inspect compounding man-
8	ufacturers described in clause (i) in accord-
9	ance with a risk-based schedule established
10	by the Secretary.
11	"(iii) RISK FACTORS.—In establishing
12	the risk-based schedule under clause (ii),
13	the Secretary shall inspect compounding
14	manufacturers according to the known
15	safety risks of such compounding manufac-
16	turers, which shall be based on the fol-
17	lowing factors:
18	"(I) The compliance history of
19	the compounding manufacturer.
20	"(II) The record, history, and na-
21	ture of recalls linked to the
22	compounding manufacturer.
23	"(III) The inherent risk of the
24	drug compounded at the compounding
25	manufacturer.

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1	"(IV) The inspection frequency
2	and history of the compounding man-
3	ufacturer, including whether the
4	compounding manufacturer has been
5	inspected pursuant to section 704
6	within the last 4 years.
7	"(V) Any other criteria deemed
8	necessary and appropriate by the Sec-
9	retary for purposes of allocating in-
10	spection resources.
11	"(3) Adverse event reporting.—
12	"(A) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
13	"(i) Adverse event.—The term 'ad-
14	verse event' means any health-related event
15	associated with the use of a compounded
16	drug that is adverse, including—
17	"(I) an event occurring in the
18	course of the use of the drug in pro-
19	fessional practice;
20	"(II) an event occurring from an
21	overdose of the drug, whether acci-
22	dental or intentional;
23	"(III) an event occurring from
24	abuse of the drug;

1	"(IV) an event occurring from
2	withdrawal of the drug; and
3	"(V) any failure of expected
4	pharmacological action of the drug.
5	"(ii) Serious adverse event.—The
6	term 'serious adverse event' means an ad-
7	verse event that—
8	"(I) results in—
9	"(aa) death;
10	"(bb) an adverse drug event
11	that places the patient at imme-
12	diate risk of death from the ad-
13	verse drug event as it occurred
14	(not including an adverse drug
15	event that might have caused
16	death had it occurred in a more
17	severe form);
18	"(cc) inpatient hospitaliza-
19	tion or prolongation of existing
20	hospitalization;
21	"(dd) a persistent or signifi-
22	cant incapacity or substantial
23	disruption of the ability to con-
24	duct normal life functions; or

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1	"(ee) a congenital anomaly
2	or birth defect; or
3	"(II) based on appropriate med-
4	ical judgment, may jeopardize the pa-
5	tient and may require a medical or
6	surgical intervention to prevent an
7	outcome described in subclause (I).
8	"(B) Reports.—
9	"(i) Adverse event reporting re-
10	QUIREMENT.—
11	"(I) 15-day report.—If a
12	compounding manufacturer becomes
13	aware of any serious adverse event,
14	such manufacturer shall submit re-
15	ports of each instance to the Sec-
16	retary as soon as practicable, but in
17	no case later than 15 calendar days
18	after the initial receipt of the applica-
19	ble information. Such manufacturer
20	shall investigate and submit to the
21	Secretary followup reports for each
22	such instance not later than 15 cal-
23	endar days after receipt of new infor-
24	mation or as requested by the Sec-
25	retary. Unless and until the Secretary

1	establishes the content and format of
2	adverse event reports by guidance or
3	regulation, reports shall be submitted
4	in accordance with the content and
5	format requirements under section
6	310.305 of title 21, Code of Federal
7	Regulations (or any successor regula-
8	tions) (in the case of human drugs),
9	section 600.80 of title 21, Code of
10	Federal Regulations (or any successor
11	regulations) (in the case of biological
12	products), or section 514.80 of title
13	21, Code of Federal Regulations (or
14	any successor regulations) (in the case
15	of animal drugs).
16	"(II) ANNUAL REPORT.—
17	Compounding manufacturers that re-
18	port serious adverse events shall sub-
19	mit in December of each year a nar-
20	rative summary of any analysis of
21	each report submitted under subclause
22	(I), including a history of actions
23	taken during the year because of each
24	report, using the content, format, and
25	manner established by the Secretary

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1	by guidance or regulation. Until such
2	time as the Secretary publishes such
3	guidance or regulation, each
4	compounding manufacturer shall re-
5	tain such summaries as part of the
6	records to be maintained in accord-
7	ance with subparagraph (C).
8	"(ii) Product quality reporting
9	REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 3 calendar
10	days after the compounding manufacturer
11	becomes aware of information pertaining
12	to sterility, stability, or other product qual-
13	ity concerns that could result in serious
14	adverse events, the compounding manufac-
15	turer shall submit to the Secretary a prod-
16	uct quality report, in a form and manner
17	established by the Secretary by guidance or
18	regulation.
19	"(C) Maintenance of records.—A
20	compounding manufacturer shall maintain for a
21	period of 10 years records of all serious adverse
22	drug events known to the compound manufac-
23	turer in accordance with section 314.80(i) of
24	title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or any

1	successor regulation), or as otherwise directed
2	by the Secretary in regulations.
3	"(4) LABELING OF DRUGS.—
4	"(A) LABEL.—The label of a drug com-
5	pounded by a compounding manufacturer shall
6	include—
7	"(i) the statement 'This is a com-
8	pounded drug.' or a reasonable comparable
9	alternative statement (as specified by the
10	Secretary) that identifies the drug as a
11	compounded drug;
12	"(ii) the name, address, and phone
13	number of the applicable compounding
14	manufacturer; and
15	"(iii) with respect to the compounded
16	drug—
17	"(I) the lot or batch number;
18	"(II) the established name of the
19	medication;
20	"(III) the dosage form and
21	strength;
22	"(IV) the statement of quantity
23	or volume, as appropriate;
24	"(V) in the case of a drug in-
25	tended for use in a food-producing

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1	animal, the withdrawal period estab-
2	lished pursuant to subsection $(e)(5)$ to
3	ensure that no residues from the com-
4	pounded drug can be detected in edi-
5	ble tissues of the treated animal;
6	"(VI) the date that the drug was
7	compounded;
8	"(VII) the expiration date;
9	"(VIII) storage and handling in-
10	structions;
11	"(IX) the National Drug Code
12	number, if available;
13	"(X) the 'not for resale' state-
14	ment required as required by sub-
15	section $(f)(1)(C)$; and
16	"(XI) subject to subparagraph
17	(B)(i), a list of active and inactive in-
18	gredients, identified by established
19	name and the quantity or proportion
20	of each ingredient.
21	"(B) CONTAINER.—The container from
22	which the individual units of a drug com-
23	pounded by a compounding manufacturer are
24	removed for dispensing or for administration

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1	(such as a plastic bag containing individual
2	product syringes) shall include—
3	"(i) the information described under
4	subparagraph (A)(iii)(XI), if there is not
5	space on the label for such information;
6	"(ii) the following information to fa-
7	cilitate adverse event reporting:
8	www.fda.gov/medwatch and 1–800-FDA-
9	1088; and
10	"(iii) the directions for use, including
11	dosage and administration, as appropriate.
12	"(C) Additional information.—The
13	label and labeling of a drug compounded by a
14	compounding manufacturer shall include any
15	other information as determined necessary and
16	specified in regulations promulgated by the Sec-
17	retary.
18	"(h) Compounding Manufacturer Establish-
19	MENT AND REINSPECTION FEES.—
20	"(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—
21	"(A) the term 'affiliate' has the meaning
22	given such term in section $735(11)$;
23	"(B) the term 'gross annual sales' means
24	the total worldwide gross annual sales, in
25	United States dollars, for a compounding man-

1	ufacturer, including the sales of all the affiliates
2	of the compounding manufacturer; and
3	"(C) the term 'reinspection' means, with
4	respect to a compounding manufacturer, 1 or
5	more inspections conducted under section 704
6	subsequent to an inspection conducted under
7	such provision which identified noncompliance
8	materially related to an applicable requirement
9	of this Act, specifically to determine whether
10	compliance has been achieved to the Secretary's
11	satisfaction.
12	"(2) Establishment and reinspection
13	FEES.—For fiscal year 2015 and each subsequent
14	fiscal year, the Secretary shall, in accordance with
15	this subsection, assess and collect—
16	"(A) an annual establishment fee from
17	each compounding manufacturer to cover in-
18	spection-related costs relating to inspections of
19	drug compounders for such year; and
20	"(B) a reinspection fee from each
21	compounding manufacturer subject to a rein-
22	spection in such fiscal year.
23	"(3) Establishment and reinspection fee
24	SETTING.—The Secretary shall establish the estab-
25	lishment and reinspection fee to be collected under

1	this subsection for each fiscal year, based on the
2	methodology described in paragraph (4) and shall
3	publish such fee in a Federal Register notice not
4	later than 60 days before the start of each such
5	year.
6	"(4) Amount of establishment and rein-
7	SPECTION FEE.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
9	subparagraph (D), the amount of the annual
10	establishment fee and the reinspection fee (if
11	applicable) under paragraph (2) for each
12	compounding manufacturer in a fiscal year
13	shall be equal to the sum of—
14	(i)(I) \$15,000 per compounding
15	manufacturer, multiplied by
16	"(II) the inflation adjustment factor
17	described in subparagraph (B); plus
18	"(ii) the small business adjustment
19	factor described in subparagraph (C).
20	"(B) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT FACTOR.—
21	"(i) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year
22	2015 and subsequent fiscal years, the reve-
23	nues established in subparagraph (A) shall
24	be adjusted by the Secretary by notice,
25	published in the Federal Register, for a

1	fiscal year by the amount equal to the sum
2	of—
3	"(I) one;
4	"(II) the average annual percent
5	change in the cost, per full-time equiv-
6	alent position of the Food and Drug
7	Administration, of all personnel com-
8	pensation and benefits paid with re-
9	spect to such positions for the first 3
10	years of the preceding 4 fiscal years,
11	multiplied by the proportion of per-
12	sonnel compensation and benefits
13	costs to total costs of an average full-
14	time equivalent position of the Food
15	and Drug Administration for the first
16	3 years of the preceding 4 fiscal
17	years, and
18	"(III) the average annual percent
19	change that occurred in the Consumer
20	Price Index for urban consumers
21	(U.S. City Average; Not Seasonally
22	Adjusted; All items; Annual Index) for
23	the first 3 years of the preceding 4
24	years of available data multiplied by
25	the proportion of all costs other than

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1	personnel compensation and benefits
2	costs to total costs of an average full-
3	time equivalent position of the Food
4	and Drug Administration for the first
5	3 years of the preceding 4 fiscal
6	years.
7	"(ii) Compounded Basis.—The ad-
8	justment made each fiscal year under
9	clause (i) shall be added on a compounded
10	basis to the sum of all adjustments made
11	each fiscal year after fiscal year 2014
12	under clause (i).
13	"(C) Small business adjustment fac-
14	TOR.—The small business adjustment factor de-
15	scribed in subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be an
16	amount established by the Secretary for each
17	fiscal year based on the Secretary's estimate
18	of—
19	"(i) the number of small businesses
20	that will pay a reduced establishment fee
21	for such fiscal year; and
22	"(ii) the adjustment to the establish-
23	ment fee necessary to achieve total fees
24	equaling the total fees that the Secretary
25	would have collected if no entity qualified

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1	for the small business exception in sub-
2	paragraph (D).
3	"(D) EXCEPTION FOR SMALL BUSI-
4	NESSES.—
5	"(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a
6	compounding manufacturer with gross an-
7	nual sales of \$1,000,000 or less in the 12
8	months ending June 1 of the fiscal year
9	immediately preceding the fiscal year in
10	which the fees under this subsection are
11	assessed, the amount of the establishment
12	fee and reinspection fee under paragraph
13	(2) for a fiscal year shall be equal to $1/3$
14	of the amount calculated under subpara-
15	graph (A)(i) in such fiscal year.
16	"(ii) Application.—The Secretary
17	may require a small business to apply for
18	the exception under this subparagraph by
19	certifying its gross annual sales for the 12
20	months ending June 1 of the fiscal year
21	immediately preceding the fiscal year in
22	which fees under this subsection are as-
23	sessed. Any such application must be sub-
24	mitted to the Secretary prior to August 1
25	for the following fiscal year. Any statement

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1	or representation made to the Secretary
2	shall be subject to section 1001 of title 18,
3	United States Code.

4 "(E) CREDITING OF FEES.—In estab-5 lishing the small business adjustment factor 6 under subparagraph (C) for a fiscal year, the 7 Secretary shall provide for the crediting of fees 8 from the previous year to the next year if the 9 Secretary overestimated the amount of the 10 small business adjustment factor for such pre-11 vious fiscal year, and consider the need to ac-12 count for any adjustment of fees and such other 13 factors as the Secretary determines appropriate. 14 "(5) USE OF FEES.—The Secretary shall make 15 all of the fees collected pursuant to subparagraph 16 (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) available solely to pay 17 for the inspection-related costs (including re-inspec-18 tion) for the oversight of drug compounding.

"(6) SUPPLEMENT NOT SUPPLANT.—Funds received by the Secretary pursuant to this subsection
shall be used to supplement and not supplant any
other Federal funds available to carry out the activities described in this subsection.

24 "(7) CREDITING AND AVAILABILITY OF FEES.—
25 Fees authorized under this subsection shall be col-

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1 lected and available for obligation only to the extent 2 and in the amount provided in advance in appropria-3 tions Acts. Such fees are authorized to remain available until expended. Such sums as may be necessary 4 5 may be transferred from the Food and Drug Admin-6 istration salaries and expenses appropriation account 7 without fiscal year limitation to such appropriation 8 account for salaries and expenses with such fiscal 9 year limitation. The sums transferred shall be avail-10 able solely for the purpose of paying the inspection-11 related costs (including reinspection) for the over-12 sight of drug compounding. 13 "(8) Collection of fees.— 14 "(A) ESTABLISHMENT FEE.—A 15 compounding manufacturer shall remit the es-16 tablishment fee due under this subsection in a 17 fiscal year when submitting a registration pur-18 suant to subsection (g) for such fiscal year. "(B) REINSPECTION FEE.—The Secretary 19 20 shall specify in the Federal Register notice de-21 scribed in paragraph (3) the manner in which 22 reinspection fees assessed under this subsection 23 shall be collected and the timeline for payment

of such fees. Such a fee shall be collected after

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the Secretary has conducted a reinspection of
the compounding manufacturer involved.
"(C) Effect of failure to pay fees.—
"(i) REGISTRATION.—A compounding
manufacturer shall not be considered reg-
istered under subsection (g) in a fiscal year
until the date that the compounding manu-
facturer remits the establishment fee under
this subsection for such fiscal year.
"(ii) MISBRANDING.—All drugs com-
pounded by a compounding manufacturer
for which any establishment fee or rein-
spection fee has not been paid as required
by this subsection shall be deemed mis-
branded under section $502(cc)$ until the
fees owed for such compounding manufac-
turer under this subsection have been paid.
"(D) Collection of unpaid fees.—In
any case where the Secretary does not receive
payment of a fee assessed under this subsection
within 30 days after it is due, such fee shall be
treated as a claim of the United States Govern-
ment subject to provisions of subchapter II of
chapter 37 of title 31, United States Code.

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"(9) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not 1 2 later than 120 days after each fiscal year in which 3 fees are assessed and collected under this subsection, 4 the Secretary shall submit a report to the Com-5 mittee on Health Education Labor and Pensions of 6 the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, to include a 7 8 description of fees assessed and collected for each 9 year, a summary description of entities paying the 10 fees, and the number of inspections and reinspec-11 tions of such entities performed each year. 12 "(10) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— 13 For fiscal year 2015 and each subsequent fiscal 14 year, there is authorized to be appropriated for fees 15 under this subsection an amount equivalent to the 16 total amount of fees assessed for such fiscal year 17 under this subsection. 18 "(i) ACTION BY SECRETARY REGARDING COM-19 PLAINTS FROM STATE BOARDS OF PHARMACY.— 20 "(1) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall des-21 ignate a point of contact and establish a format and 22 procedure for a State Board of Pharmacy to notify 23 the Secretary if it appears to a State Board of Phar-

24 macy that an entity licensed by a State as a phar-

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macy is required to be registered with the Secretary
 as a compounding manufacturer.

3 "(2) DETERMINATION.—If the Secretary deter-4 mines that such an entity described in paragraph (1)5 is required to be registered with the Secretary as a 6 compounding manufacturer, the Secretary shall 7 transmit such determination to the State Board of 8 Pharmacy in the State in which the entity is located, 9 and to the State Board of Pharmacy in the notifying 10 State, if different, within 15 days of such determina-11 tion.

12 "(3) EFFECT.—The Secretary shall encourage
13 direct communications between States regarding tra14 ditional compounders. Nothing in this subsection
15 shall expand the Secretary's authority over or re16 sponsibility for traditional compounding.

17 "(j) PRESCRIPTION ORDER REFERENCE.—For pur18 poses of this section, reference to a prescription order for
19 an identified individual patient includes, in the case of ani20 mal drugs, a prescription order for a specific herd or flock
21 (or other identified group) of animals.".

(c) PROHIBITED ACT.—Section 301 (21 U.S.C. 331)
is amended—

24 (1) in subsection (e), by striking "417, 416,
25 504" and inserting "417, 416, 503A(g), 504"; and

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(2) by adding at the end the following:
 "(ccc) The resale of a compounded drug that is la beled 'not for resale' as required by section 503A.".

4 (d) REPORT BY GAO.—Not later than November 1,
5 2016, the Comptroller General of the United States shall
6 conduct study and submit to Congress a report regarding
7 the impact of this Act (and the amendments made by this
8 Act) on the safety of animal drug compounding and the
9 availability of safe and effective drugs for animals.

10 SEC.3. OTHER REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO11COMPOUNDING MANUFACTURERS.

(a) LABELING.—Section 502 (21 U.S.C. 352) is
amended by adding at the end the following:

"(bb) If it is a compounded drug and the labeling
does not include the information as required by subsections (f)(1)(C) and (g)(4) of section 503A, as applicable.

18 "(cc) If it is a drug, and it was compounded by a
19 compounding manufacturer for which fees have not been
20 paid as required by section 503A(g).".

(b) APPLICATION OF INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS TO
COMPOUNDING MANUFACTURERS.—Section 704(a)(2)
(21 U.S.C. 374(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end
the following flush text:

"The exemption in subparagraph (A) does not apply with
 respect to compounding manufacturers (as such term is
 defined in section 503A).".

Compounded 4 (c)Adulteration OF ANIMAL 5 DRUGS CONTAINING DRUG **Residues.**—Section 402(a)(2)(C) is amended by striking "512;" and inserting 6 7 "512; or (iii) any residue from a compounded animal 8 drug;".

9 SEC. 4. IMPLEMENTATION.

In promulgating any regulations to implement this
Act (and the amendments made by this Act), the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall—

(1) issue a notice of proposed rulemaking thatincludes the proposed regulation;

(2) provide a period of not less than 60 daysfor comments on the proposed regulation; and

17 (3) publish the final regulation not more than
18 18 months following publication of the proposed rule
19 and not less than 30 days before the effective date
20 of such final regulation.

21 SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This Act (and the amendments made by this Act)shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the dateof enactment of this Act.