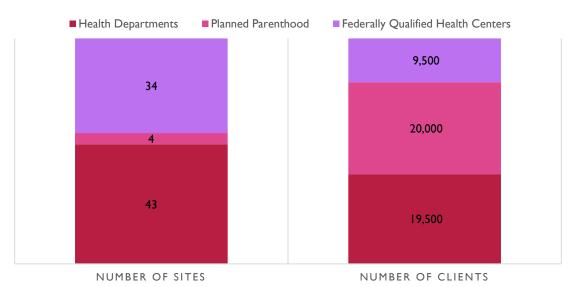
## Title X in Oregon

Senate Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions Committee, Democratic Staff

In Oregon in 2015, there were **81** Title X–funded sites operated by different types of agencies. Collectively these Title X–funded sites delivered contraceptive care to **48,990** women in Oregon. Title X–supported Planned Parenthood health centers served **41 percent** of these women.





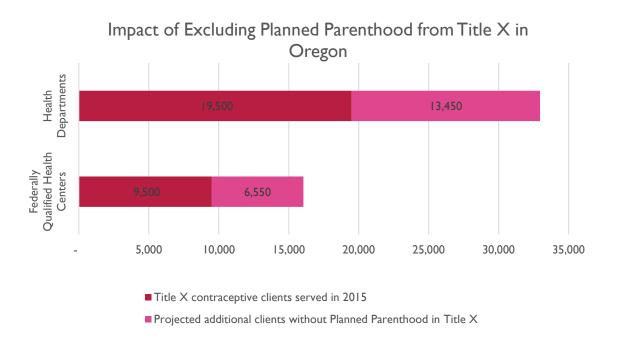
	% of Total Sites	% of Total Clients
<b>Health Departments</b>	53%	40%
Planned Parenthood	<b>5</b> %	41%
Federally Qualified Health Centers	42%	19%

In 2015, Title X–supported contraceptive services helped Oregon women to **prevent 10,500 unintended pregnancies and 3,500 abortions**. Title X–funded sites in Oregon delivered contraceptive care to 11,270 female adolescent clients (under age 20), helping them to prevent **3,100 unintended pregnancies and 900 abortions**.

Source: Publicly Funded Contraceptive Services at U.S. Clinics, 2015, Guttmacher Institute (Apr. 2017)

## IMPACT OF POTENTIAL THREATS TO TITLE X IN OREGON

If Planned Parenthood were excluded from Title X, all other types of Title X-funded sites in Oregon would have to increase their contraceptive client caseloads by **69 percent** to serve the women who currently obtain contraceptive care from Planned Parenthood health centers, as illustrated below.



If all Title X funds were redirected only to federally qualified health center sites that serve at least 10 contraceptive clients a year in Oregon, those sites would have to **at least double their contraceptive client caseloads** to maintain the current reach of Title X.

For more state-specific detail on the impact of:

- excluding Planned Parenthood from Title X, see this <u>June 2017 analysis</u> (esp. <u>Table 2</u>).
- redirecting all Title X funds to FQHC sites, see this May 2017 analysis (esp. Table 5).

For a brief national-level policy analysis, including maps and infographics, click here.